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TWELVE PAGES — ONE RYAL

Hundreds poison selves in wake of Ryan killing

GEORGETOWN, Guyana Nov. 20 (AP)—Between 300 and 400 bodies—men, women and children who reportedly lined up for doses of poison brewed in a tub—have been found at the jungle camp of a California sect whose members ambushed and killed five Americans, including a U.S. Congressman, Guyana's information minister said Monday.

Information Minister Shirley Field-Ridley said the whereabouts of the remaining 500 to 700 Americans at the camp was not known.

Cabinet reviews pilgrimage services

Riyadh, Nov. 20 (SPA)—The Cabinet Monday listened to reports by several ministers on the standard of services afforded pilgrims this year.

It met for one and a half hours under Second Deputy Premier and Commander of the National Guard Prince Abdullah.

Information Minister Dr. Muhammad Abdo Yamani said Prince Abdullah expressed his satisfaction with the work of the various government departments during the Hajj.

He added that the prince reaffirmed the commitment of King Khaled and Crown Prince Fahd to extend the widest possible services to pilgrims.

Dr. Yamani said the Cabinet then discussed a report by Minister of Industry and Electricity Dr. Gbazi Alqosaisi on industrial development programs in Saudi Arabia.

(Continued on back page)

but they apparently fled into the surrounding jungle, in the northwest corner of this South American nation.

Well-known American lawyer Mark Lane, who was at the People's Temple camp just before the mass deaths occurred, said suicide was discussed at a community meeting and he was later informed by two sect members "we are all going to die now."

"They were smiling... They looked genuinely happy," Lane said.

It was not clear whether the mass deaths occurred at about the same time or some time after the Saturday ambush of U.S. Congressman Leo Ryan and his group, which had gone to the camp to investigate reports of alleged large-scale abuse of sect members.

Most of those at the camp were Californians who followed the Rev. Jim Jones, founder of the People's Temple, to Guyana in 1974.

A California psychologist who accompanied Ryan to Guyana to try to get his daughter out of Jonestown said members of the group rehearsed mass suicide and signed undated suicide notes before they left California.

"They will all be dead tomorrow," said Stephen Katzaris, whose son Anthony, 23, was critically wounded in the Saturday night attack.

Saturday night's shooting erupted as Ryan tried to take several disenchanted sect members back to Georgetown by plane. Witnesses said a man with a knife had threatened Ryan earlier in Jonestown.

The U.S. State Department identified four of the dead as the 53-year-old Ryan, reporter Don Harris, 42, and cameraman Robert Brown, 36, both of NBC News and Los Angeles, and photographer Gregory Robinson, 27, of the "San Francisco Examiner" newspaper.

(Continued on back page)



DEATH TRAP: Minutes before they died in Guyana, NBC reporter Don Harris (left) and Gregory Robinson, a photojournalist for the "San Francisco Examiner" approach the jungle camp of the "People's Temple."

Sadat rules out peace treaty without timetable for self-rule

PARIS, Nov. 20 (Agencies)

President Anwar Sadat said Monday he would not sign a peace treaty with Israel unless it was linked to a specific date for the start of Palestinian self-rule in the West Bank and Gaza Strip.

He said he wanted self-rule to begin with the completion of the first stage of Israeli withdrawal from Sinai. This should be no more than six to nine months after the signing of the treaty.

The president was speaking in an interview pre-recorded in Cairo by French television, screened in Paris Monday night.

"Egypt wants the peace treaty to be linked to a specific date for the beginning of Palestinian self-rule," Sadat said. "If the treaty fails to include this linkage it would then be a separate Egyptian-Israeli treaty which I will never be ready to accept."

Asked if war was definitely shelved as an option, he replied: "Yes, I can say that without any doubt.... I repeat what I said when I visited Jerusalem. The October (1973) War was the last war between Israel and ourselves."

Asked if Begin had changed his views since Camp David Sadat said: "Mr. Begin did his best before Camp David to abort any chances for an agreement and I don't know if he did that intentionally or not. But since Camp David has introduced new ideas—though he must abandon some of his old views."

Meanwhile, Begin was reported ready to accept a U.S.-sponsored draft peace treaty that his government rejected four weeks ago.

Sources familiar with the talks said in Tel Aviv Monday that Begin is now prepared to accept a vaguely worded clause linking the treaty to the Palestine issue.

He is seeking the help of U.S. negotiators in persuading Egypt to reverse the tougher position it adopted earlier this month, including a demand for a timetable for establishing Palestinian self-rule.

In an interview with Israel

tions which affected Jerusalem's old city are illegal and I agree with this," Sadat said during the hour-long interview.

"But we are going to show our good will, I am thinking of the Wailing Wall which can be administered by them. But the old city with our holy sites must be under the sovereignty of the Arab and Muslim world."

"The city must not be divided and we will propose a municipal council with an equal number of Arabs and Israelis," Sadat said.

He was ready to meet Israeli Prime Minister Menahem Begin again at any time to iron out final difficulties, "because the problem is 90 per cent solved already."

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In an interview with Israel

Assad, Arafat discuss Mideast developments

DAMASCUS, Nov. 20 (R)—Yasser Arafat, the chairman of the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO), Sunday night held four and a half hours of talks with Syrian President Hafez Assad at which they discussed Middle East developments.

Officials said he was accompanied by Salah Khalaf (Abu Iyad), his number two in the Fateh commando organization, who is also a member of the PLO executive.

The two Palestinian leaders arrived Sunday from Beirut, where the Palestinian news agency Wafa reported that Arafat had been unable to attend a political rally because he had urgent matters to discuss with President Assad.

The Damascene officials said the three leaders also discussed international issues and ways of following up the resolutions of September's

Radio, Begin renewed his suggestion to sign the treaty in both Jerusalem and Cairo, with President Carter as a witness.

Begin is to convene his cabinet Tuesday to resume a debate adjourned after five hours Sunday. The sources said Begin is endorsing the stand of his top negotiators, Foreign Minister Moshe Dayan and Defense Minister Ezer Weizman, who supported the U.S. compromises but were ordered by the cabinet to seek amendments in Israel's favor.

Several members of the 17-man cabinet oppose the draft treaty, but Begin's influence was expected to swing the cabinet behind his decision.

"I recommend and will again recommend that the Israeli government proclaim its readiness to sign the treaty," Begin told a political rally Sunday night without revealing exactly to which draft he referred.

But he made clear Egypt's latest proposals were "unacceptable.... We will never agree to timetables." He claimed Egypt's demands "contradict the Camp David accords."

The sources named the following points previously rejected.

(Continued on back page)

U.S. will continue supporting the Shah

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20 (Agencies)—U.S. Secretary of State Cyrus Vance, responding to warnings by Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev, has said the United States intends to continue supporting the Shah's efforts to restore peace in his country.

Vance, in a formal statement, Sunday denied that the American role amounted to an attempt to intervene militarily in Iranian politics.

"As President Carter has indicated, the United States does not intend to interfere in the internal affairs of any other country," he said. "Reports to the contrary are totally without foundation."

Vance was responding to comments Brezhnev made that the Soviet Union would regard any U.S. military intervention in Iran as "a matter affecting the security interests of the Soviet Union."

Vance said while the United States maintained a hands-off policy militarily in Iran, it expected "other countries to conduct themselves in similar fashion." Vance noted that the

Soviet Union had made that

"We firmly support the Shah in his efforts to restore domestic tranquility in Iran, and have confidence that Iran can solve its own problems," Vance said.

"We intend to preserve and pursue with Iran our strong bilateral political, economic and security relationship."

Saudi Support

Meanwhile, Saudi Arabia Monday came out in favor of the continued leadership of the Shah.

Foreign Minister Saud Al-Faisal was quoted by "Al Madina" newspaper as saying that "Saudi Arabia believed that the Shah's leadership should continue."

He added that the Saudi government "notes and praises the commendable and varied achievements the Shah has realized for Iran."

Prince Saud, who expressed the hope for stability in Iran, said his country wished to see Iran play an important role not only in the region but also in the world.

(Continued on back page)

LARGE VARIETY OF SUNDRAPE VERTICAL LOUVRES AND CHAINS STANDARD MONOMATIC AND ELECTRIC

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Otaiba here to review oil policy coordination

JEDDAH, Nov. 20 (Agencies) United Arab Emirates Oil Minister Dr. Maia Said Al-Otaiba arrived here Monday for talks on coordination of oil policies with Saudi Arabia.

He was met at the airport by Minister of Petroleum and Mineral Resources Sheikh Ahmad Zaki Yamani, senior officials from his ministry, and a representative from the royal protocol.

Blumenthal is touring four OPEC member states in an effort to persuade them to hold down the oil price next year.

Otaiba told reporters accompanying Blumenthal Sunday that the general trend among OPEC countries was to impose an oil price increase.

but he declined to say how much, the UAE news agency reported.

The minister said his country's position at the OPEC meeting would be coordinated with Saudi Arabia.

The Saudis, the world's largest oil exporters and the leading moderates in OPEC, are expected to calm the calls of some oil producers for a price increase.

Blumenthal, Sunday praised Saudi Arabia's moderation on the issue of the dollar's value and efforts to help stabilize the economy.

(Continued on back page)

Ethiopia, Soviet Union sign friendship treaty

MOSCOW, Nov. 20 (Agencies) Ethiopia and the Soviet Union Monday signed a treaty of friendship and cooperation, formalizing a close alliance established over the past two years.

The official Soviet news agency Tass, giving the first word that a treaty had been concluded, said the document was signed at a Kremlin ceremony by Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev and Ethiopian head of state Mengistu Haile Mariam.

The Ethiopian leader, who arrived in the Soviet Union for his third visit last week, has been holding talks with Brezhnev and other Soviet leaders.

That arms shipment marked the end of a more than 20-year period during which the United States had been the country's main arms supplier, while the USSR backed neighboring Somalia.

The Soviet Union and Somalia were bound by a similar treaty until early last year when Moscow switched its support.

Moscow has friendship accords with all the Communist countries except Albania and with half a dozen of its other allies in the Third World.



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DISCHARGED IN F.T.

1. FOODSTUFFS:-	
Flour/Wheat	02,196
Maize	12,168
Rice	06,403
Sugar	01,283
Tea	00,296
Various Foodstuffs	32,859
Fruit	11,670
Poultry	01,797
Meat	00,315
Eggs	00,380
	69,367
2. CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS	
Cement	14,095
Steel	08,785
Timber	13,300
General Construction Materials	72,850
	109,030
3. VEHICLES	
Number of Vehicles	04,940
Number of Tonnes	88,574
4. LIVESTOCK	
Head of Livestock	99,456
5. GENERAL CARGO	
TOTAL DISCHARGED	84,073
A) 351,044 Tonnes Cargo	
B) 004,940 Vehicles (In Number)	
C) 099,456 Head of Livestock	

Turkish leftists seize ferry; 400 later arrested by police

ISTANBUL, Nov. 20 (AP) — Security agents arrested at least 400 persons Monday, ending a brief hijack of a commuter boat with about 750 passengers aboard, police said.

Two police gunboats chased the hijacked ferry as it crisscrossed between the Asian and European shores of the Bosphorus straits. Finally, the hijackers broke siege of the ship and returned to Istanbul port.

Security agents frisked all passengers and released women and children. Male pas-

sengers were detained for questioning, the authorities said.

Authorities said a group of "Maoist militants" seized the state-run "Uskudar," which serves between Karakoy, a

busy sector on the European side, and Kadikoy, on the Asian of Istanbul, after authorities refused their request to attend a funeral for one of their comrades at city morgue.

The hijackers were reported to have said they wanted to talk personally to Istanbul Governor Ihsan Tekin or the chief of security to relay their demands, which reportedly included opposition to the visit of two Soviet warships to Turkey.

Meanwhile, the two Soviet warships steamed back into the Black Sea Monday after the first Russian naval call on this North Atlantic Treaty Organization member country in 40 years.

The four-day visit by the guided-missile-carrying, 5,800-ton cruiser "Dzerzhinski" and 19,300-ton destroyer "Rezhilenny" had repeatedly sparked opposition from Maoist groups.

On Thursday a mob reportedly made up of Maoist ransacked the display windows of the Soviet consulate on Istanbul's main thoroughfare.

Last month, Syrian President Hafez Assad and Iraqi President Ahmed Hassan Bakr signed a "national charter for joint action."

Iraq ends travel fee to Syria

BAGHDAD, Nov. 20 (R) — Iraqis wishing to go to Syria will be exempted from a travel fee of 10 dinars (about \$30). It was decided here Sunday.

The Iraqi News Agency said the decision was taken by the ruling Revolutionary Command Council. It was in line with the two countries' steps towards coordination and integration.

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The 1,370 sailors and officers of the vessels from the Black Sea Fleet toured the historic and scenic sites in group houses.

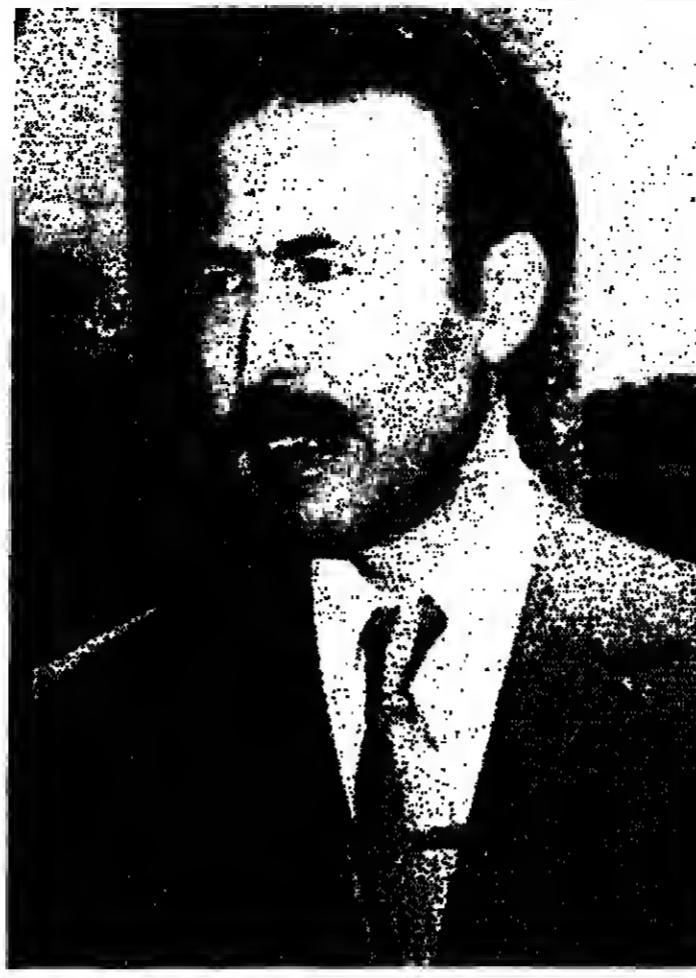
Two Turkish naval units will return the visit next month by calling at the Soviet Black Sea coastal town of Odessa, where a large-scale naval shipyard is maintained.

The president, 51, was officially reported on Saturday to be in medical care after treatment in Moscow, but there had been no word on the nature of his illness.

The president, who has not taken part in public life for about two months, returned to Algiers from Moscow last Tuesday.

Sources said his health suddenly deteriorated on Friday, and he was admitted to Mustafa hospital a day later.

Algeria's government-controlled press announced that Sunday's council of ministers meeting had been cancelled once again. The council, which is normally chaired



President Boumedienne

Boumedienne in clinic with kidney ailment

ALGIERS, Nov. 20 (R) — Algerian President Houari Boumedienne is having treatment with a kidney machine, according to reliable sources here.

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by the president, has not met since September.

President Boumedienne has ruled Algeria since coming to power in a bloodless coup in 1965.

The Algerian press has attacked Western speculation over his health, saying only that Boumedienne's unending work had physically exhausted him.

The official APS news agency said on Saturday that the president had gone to Moscow for talks with Soviet leaders as well as spending "a period of rest, together with medical treatment." It was the first comment on his absence from office.

Last week he was shown on television at a working session with government leaders, slumped uncharacteristically in an armchair with his face apparently swollen.

The radio also said the Syrians used tanks in shelling nearby areas in the Shiyah and Ain Rummanah suburbs.

It spoke of a number of explosions, in addition to heavy shelling, in the center of Beirut, but did not refer to any casualties.

The nationalist Voice of Arab Lebanon radio said a number of mortar shells fired by rightist militiamen landed in Muslim West Beirut and the southern suburb of Shiyah.

It said the flareup followed the rightists firing several rocket-propelled grenades on peace-keeping forces, wounding two soldiers.

Rightist sniping and shelling wounded three persons in the commercial district of Beirut, the radio said.

One killed in Beirut sniper fire

BEIRUT, Nov. 20 (R) — A 23-year-old student was shot dead in eastern Beirut Monday, the latest victim of snipers operating along the jagged line splitting the capital into a Christian east and a Muslim western half.

The students' organization of the right-wing National Liberal Party (NLP) named the student as Tony Moualem and said he had been shot through the heart by a Syrian sniper.

Scores of people have been killed or wounded since the latest ceasefire in Lebanon last month ended large-scale fighting between Syrian troops and militiamen of the right-wing parties which are challenging Syria's role here.

The right-wing Phalangist radio reported that Syrian troops attached to the Arab peace-keeping force Monday again opened up machinegun and mortar fire for about half an hour on two south-eastern residential districts of Beirut.

The Christian districts, in the Badaro and Kfouri areas, were targets for heavy shelling last week.

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JDL members protest Begin's concessions

NEW YORK, Nov. 20 (AP)

— Members of the "new" Jewish Defense League demonstrated across the street from the Egyptian mission to the United Nations on Sunday to protest the suicidal concessions that Israel made in the Camp David talks.

Victor Vancier, executive director of the group, said the small band of protesters was specifically upset that Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin agreed to return the Sinai to Egypt.

He claimed pressure from

"Egyptian dictator Sadat" was influencing Begin's decision and that Begin was "taking a chance for peace."

Begin "betrayed everything he's always stood for all his life," Vancier said.

The Jewish activists also oppose the plan to grant "autonomy" to Palestinians in the West Bank, said Vancier.

"Historically, autonomy has always led to the formation of a new state," Vancier said. "We're sure it would lead to the formation of a PLO state, and we don't want it."

Israel Navy commander suspended pending inquiry

TEL AVIV, Nov. 20 (R) —

The commander of the Israel Navy has been suspended pending a hearing of charges against him alleging "unbecoming conduct," brought by a woman non-commissioned officer, a military spokesman announced here Sunday.

He said the complaint against Gen. Michael Barkai was lodged by a female non-commissioned officer on regular service.

It concerned an incident which she said took place in June, 1977 and about which she was only now submitting a complaint.

The government released no details of the alleged incident.

Following an investigation charges have been referred to

Norwegians want U.N. post

OSLO, Nov. 20 (Agencies) — Norwegian Defense Minister Rolf Hansen met with leaders of the United Nations peace-keeping forces in Lebanon (UNIFIL) Monday to suggest that a Norwegian become the next deputy commander of UNIFIL forces.

The post is currently held by a French soldier.

Hansen started a three day visit to Lebanon Sunday.

a special military court.

The spokesman said Chief of Staff Lt. Gen. Rafael Eltan had decided, with the agreement of Defense Minister Ezer Weizman, to transfer the navy commander from his post until conclusion of the legal proceedings.

Israeli police organizers are demoted

JERUSALEM, Nov. 20 (R) — Two police officers who set up a police trade union have been demoted, the police spokesman said here Sunday.

A disciplinary court proposed relegation of Inspector David Ofek to the rank of Sgt.-Major and Sgt.-Major Yoel Rechel to regular policeman.

Both men told Israel radio after announcement of the verdict Monday that they would continue their struggle to organize policemen into a union.

Wives of policemen in Beer-sheba Sunday surrounded the local police headquarters in support of the trade union proposal. The local commander sent officers to disperse the demonstrators.

Policemen said they planned to appeal to the Supreme Court on their right to establish a professional union.

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Indira enters Lok Sabha to jeers of Janata Party

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20 (Agencies)—Jeers and hisses greeted former Indian Prime Minister Mrs. Indira Gandhi from the ruling Janata Party benches Monday as she took the oath as a member of the Lok Sabha, India's lower house.

Mrs. Gandhi stood at a microphone shortly after the five-week winter session was convened and gave the parliamentary oath in Kannada, the language of her south Indian constituency. Unable to read the Kannada script, she read a Hindi translation of the text.

Mrs. Gandhi seemed unperturbed as the parliamentarians called her "murderer," "Hitler" and shouted "shame."



Indira...back to the benches
Mrs. Gandhi returned home early Monday morning after a week-long controversial visit to Britain.

Cheers and Jeers
After she took the oath, a Janata Party member urged

the speaker to ask her if she believed in what she had just sworn and a Marxist party member shouted: "at last the evil has come."

A large crowd cheered Mrs. Gandhi when she arrived at Parliament House, six hours after flying into the Indian capital from London via Moscow.

The former premier, who celebrated her birthday Sunday, was ousted from power 20 months ago after a period of emergency rule. She was returned to parliament in elections at Chikmagalur, a coffee plantation town in the south of India.

She won the by-election by 77,000 votes despite a campaign by the Janata Party to expose her emergency rule during which she jailed thousands of her political opponents.

Mrs. Gandhi's presence in parliament should bring dramatic developments in Indian politics even though she has decided not to become the official leader of the opposition—a position held by one of her party members.

Her presence in the Lok Sabha is also certain to increase the difficulties for the deeply divided government of Prime Minister Moraji Deoai.

One of her first tasks will be to consolidate the position of her Indira Congress Party and win over as many parliamentarians from the official Congress Party as possible.

Congress did not field a candidate against her in the by-election and extended indirect support to her. It has 67 seats in the Lok Sabha.

Her party is the largest opposition group in the lower house with 74 seats but her potential threat is considered even greater.

The American Cancer So-



SUPERLICIOUS: Sir Flipper and Sir Flapper are refusing to do tricks together at Miami's Seaquarium. Officials suspect the cold shoulders are the result of rivalry for the affections of a new performer.

'The neatest thing to watch'

Atomic clouds of 50s shadow Utah

CEDAR CITY, Utah, Nov. 20 (AP)—People here used to get up early to watch the brilliant pre-dawn flashes and enormous mushroom clouds 160 kilometers away. Twenty years later, Blaine Johnson counts 11 people dead or cancer within 180 meters of his house.

Two neighbors have leukemia now, just like five of the 11 who died in the past 10 years in this waystation of 8,500 between Salt Lake City and Las Vegas. Just like Johnson's daughter, who died of leukemia in 1965, three years after the government stopped above-ground nuclear testing at a barren site upwind and across the State Line in Nevada.

The American Cancer So-

ciety says the annual leukemia death rate is 6 per 100,000.

"Everyone thought it was the neatest thing to watch the blast just before dawn, watch the cloud form and then drift by," said John Rogers of nearby St. George. His mother died of cancer in 1956.

"We actually believed that the federal government would not involve itself in anything that would jeopardize the public health," added Rogers, whose daughter died of cancer in 1966.

Curiosity may have resulted in catastrophe for many. Like Leon Hafen of St. George, widowed 13 years ago when her rancher husband died of cancer. Leukemia had taken a 15-year-old daughter in 1956, and cancer has since claimed her mother and a brother-in-law.

One of Mrs. Hafen's friends, Arizona rancher Max Brinkenhoff, died of leukemia last February. The illness had previously claimed three of his childhood friends.

The objects were found in the Reich Chancellery in Berlin at the end of World War II.

Another item is a metal plaque engraved with the names and dates of countries conquered by the Nazis, with a blank space where Britain was to have been inscribed.

Neo-Nazis strike camp until elections in 1980

fewer members were prepared to put their names forward as candidates.

Party membership was down to 12,000, compared with 40,000 in the early 1970s.

During the two-day conference a strong police cordon prevented clashes between NPD delegates and leftwing demonstrators outside the hall.

He said it was senseless to contest elections against strongly entrenched enemies, as had been shown in recent state parliamentary elections.

But he said the NPD would contest the 1980 federal elections.

Mussnug said fewer and

SOERENINGHAUSEN, West Germany, Nov. 20 (R)—The National Democratic Party whose electoral successes in the late 1960s caused fears of a Nazi revival in West Germany, will not contest any elections until 1980.

NPD Chairman Martin Mussnug gave the news to reporters at the end of the party's 12th annual conference here Sunday.

He said it was senseless to

contest elections against strongly entrenched enemies, as had been shown in recent state

parliamentary elections.

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Maximum three years

Congressman Diggs jailed

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20 (Agencies) — Representative Charles Diggs was sentenced Monday to a maximum of three years in prison for his conviction on charges of mail fraud and making false statements.

U.S. District Judge Oliver Gasch ordered the Michigan Democrat imprisoned for up to three years on each of the 29 counts on which he was convicted. But the sentences are to run concurrently.

The prosecution had demanded

Basque killers spray police football game

BILBAO, Nov. 20 (Agencies) — The Basque separatist organization ETA claimed responsibility for a submachinegun attack on a national police barracks that killed two and wounded 10 others in the northern Spanish province Monday.

One of the most spectacular terrorist attacks it came on the third anniversary of the death of Gen. Francisco Franco.

ETA claimed responsibility through anonymous telephone calls to the Bilbao Press Association.

ETA has claimed responsibility in the assassination so far this year of 31 police officers and 16 others, including an army general and a judge.

Monday's attack on the Basauri Barracks, only five miles

Delhi probes transport crash

NEW DELHI, Nov. 20 (AP) — An investigation is underway into Sunday's crash of an Indian Air Force transport which killed all 77 servicemen aboard and a civilian on the ground, Defense Minister Jagjivan Ram said Monday.

He told parliament that each serviceman's family would receive 100,000 rupees (\$12,500) compensation.

said that Diggs be given some form of prison for his offense. Attorney John Kotelly argued that Diggs' conduct "does not call for leniency, does not call for a period of probation, but calls for a period of incarceration."

He described Diggs' crimes as "stealing money from the citizens of the United States."

But Diggs' attorneys maintained that his re-election in Congress earlier this month, despite his conviction, was reason enough to grant him a suspended sentence or proba-

tion.

He had said previously that he would appeal his conviction in the \$66,000 scheme.

Diggs, a 12-term congressman reelected with 80 percent of the vote in his district earlier this month, was found guilty Oct. 7 of inflating the salaries of several staff members and then accepting kickbacks from them to pay business, personal and congressional expenses.

A founder of the Congressional Black Caucus, Diggs gave up his chairmanship of the House District of Columbia Committee and of an international relations subcommittee on Africa after his conviction.

House Democrats are due to assign committee chairmanships for the new Congress shortly and are likely to strip Diggs of his posts.

House Democrats are due to assign committee chairmanships for the new Congress shortly and are likely to strip Diggs of his posts.

A prison sentence does not automatically exclude a member from the House. The Supreme Court has ruled that the House cannot refuse to seat a member who has been elected and who fulfills the requirements of age and citizenship.

But the House can act to expel a member.

Said useless

Pacific chain drops army

SUVA, Fiji, Nov. 20 (AP) — The Central Pacific British colony of the Gilbert Islands, which expects to get full independence in 1979, has decided to scrap its army, formed two years ago as a preparation for independence.

But the now internally self-governing territory of 60,000 no longer wants the force.

In moving a bill to repeal legislation that had established the force, Chief Minister Lereima Tabai told the House of Representatives that he knew "of no outside threat and even if one was to develop, I can-

not see what good a 200-man defense force would be against an invasion from outside."

"If we were threatened we would have to call on outside help or surrender. All a defense force would do would be to get some of our own people killed."

Disaster relief, rural development projects, maintaining internal security and performing ceremonial duties could be adequately done by the police or other authorities, Tabai said.

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OIL AND PEACE

President Carter's messages to Arab leaders over the past few days should help to dispel much of the suspicion regarding the progress of the Egyptian-Israeli talks in Washington and the Carter administration's position. The messages are also designed to save Washington's relations with its traditional Arab friends. The renewed dialogue has underlined that the Carter administration is not prepared to risk the future of its Arab relations in return for a single agreement between Egypt and Israel. The Americans have been closer to the Egyptian position in the Blair House talks, and are possibly as determined to achieve a general peace and to refute the charge that they want to isolate Egypt from the Arab world and weaken the front against Israel.

But perhaps the most important factor in the determination to snatch an overall agreement is the oil situation and the upcoming OPEC conference in Abu Dhabi. The Americans realize that if there were to be any chance of a modest increase in oil prices the signing of the Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty must take place after the conference on Dec. 16. Treasury Secretary Michael Blumenthal, who is touring the Middle East, has let it be known that his government continues to rely on Saudi Arabia's moderation to limit the oil price increase. He has also recalled that the administration's efforts to support the dollar will benefit the oil-producing states and consequently a price increase is not necessary.

But this is simple, talk and the secretary realizes that a price increase is more than justified. He has heard Arab officials concurring that a hefty price increase would hurt President Carter's efforts to support the dollar. But he has also heard the Arab officials asking what the U.S. is ready to offer in return for restraint beyond the call of duty.

The only serious area of mutual interest is the Middle East peace. The Arabs want a general peace and believe that the Americans can help them to achieve it. Their fear that a separate treaty between Egypt and Israel may be concluded at the expense of other Arab interests must be overcome before the treaty negotiations are concluded and before OPEC ministers meet. Otherwise they have no reason to accommodate the Americans more than they already have.

So we come to the slowdown of the Blair House talks. The U.S. is attempting to find a generally accepted formula for peace, allowing more parties, preferably the Palestinians and Jordanians, to take part. In parallel action, U.N. Secretary General Kurt Waldheim has called for the resumption of the Geneva peace conference with the participation of all the parties concerned, including the Palestinians.

Quite honestly, President Carter's record on the Palestinian question stands head and shoulders above the combined records of his predecessors. But his positive interest is only relative, because he still has to translate his statements on Palestinian rights into tangible achievements. This is not to say that he is mistrusted; it is just that it is taking him such a long time to get things moving when the situation calls for utmost urgency.

Thaw in U.S.-Burma ties

By Dennis D. Gray

RANGOON, Burma — Ties between the U.S. and Burma, once marred by cold war suspicions, have begun to thaw with bilateral economic relations projected to start up in 1979 after a 15-year break.

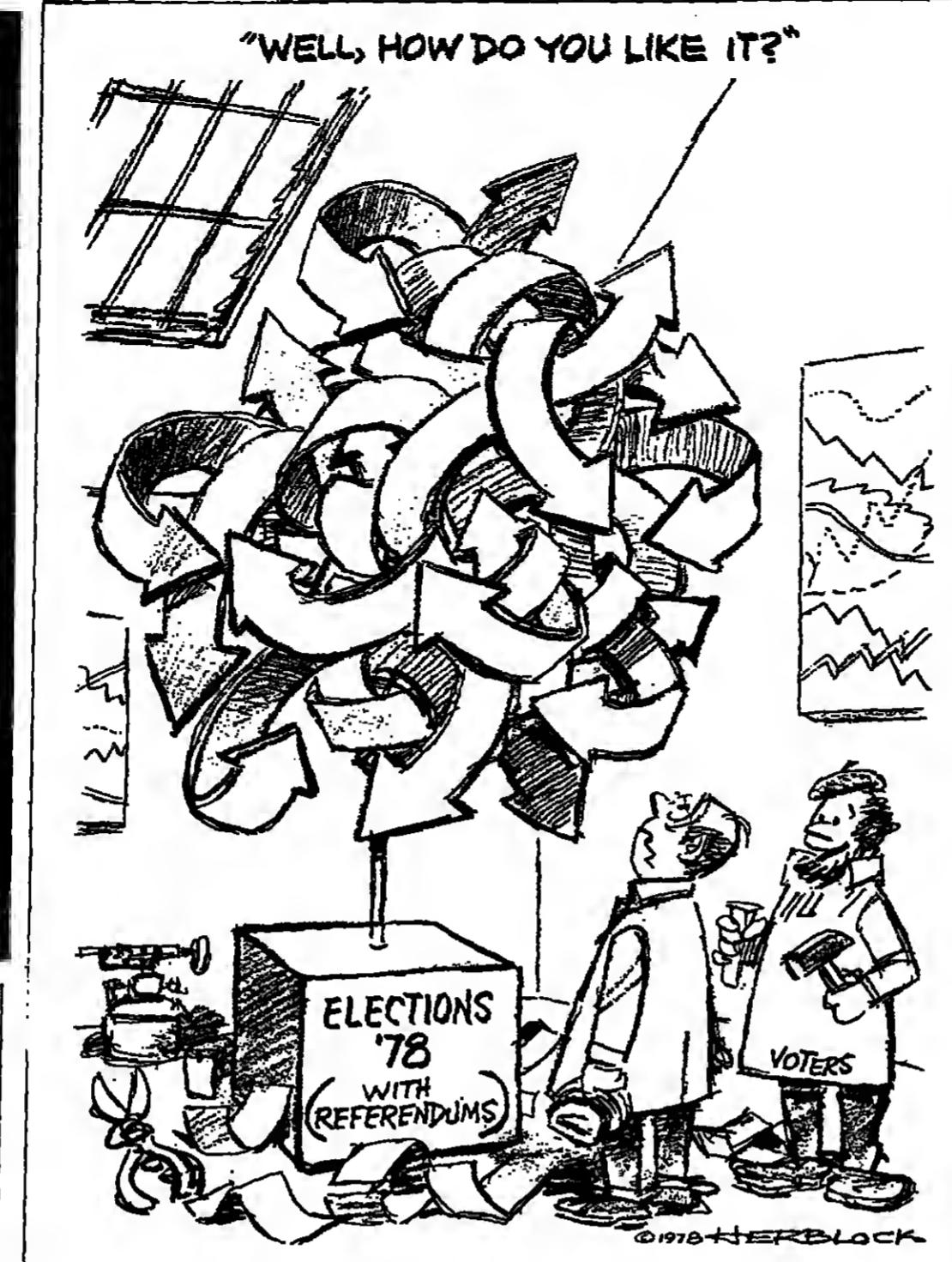
A four-man U.S. aid mission is now here to discuss possible projects with the Burmese, who are known to have informally approached the Americans in February about a revival of the program.

The return of U.S. aid, which initially would be modest and concentrate on meeting basic human needs, is being handled with caution to avoid arousing some keen sensitivities on both sides.

U.S. Secretary of State for East Asian and Pacific Affairs Richard Holbrooke, given red-carpet treatment during his visit to Burma earlier this month, said upon return to Washington that he found signs the country was moving to improve its relations with the West.

"The gradual return to participation in regional and world affairs by Burma...would be a significant event," Holbrooke noted.

The State Department official was taken on a rarely accorded, military-sponsored tour of some of the Southeast Asian nation's most sensitive areas, where narcotics smugglers,



Swiss banking criticized

By Norris Willett

LUGANO —

The "gnomes of Zurich," the Swiss bankers, for so long under attack by foreigners (especially foreign tax and foreign exchange officials) accusing them of helping the illegal export of capital by tax evaders, have now come under fire inside Switzerland itself.

Socialist politicians and trade unionists are criticizing the banks for paying more attention to the interests of foreign clients than to those of their own countrymen the trade unions even accuse the "gnomes" of manipulating the Swiss franc to the benefit of the former and the detriment of the latter.

The combined attack is, without doubt, the outcome of the changed situation in the Swiss economy, which after many years of uninterrupted prosperity has recently begun to slide into recession. The Swiss recession is due mainly to a loss of exports, as a result of the revaluation of the national currency; this is now being reflected in layoffs of workers in such key industries as watches, machinery, textiles.

According to the aggrieved left-wingers and trade unionists, the franc's revaluation is, in turn, due to a scramble by the wealthy who have lost faith in other currencies to turn their money into hard Swiss francs; and in this, it is alleged, they are encouraged by Swiss banks which make money out of such transactions.

One of the most violent attacks on the banks came from Richard Müller, in his inaugural address after being elected as the new president of the Swiss Trade Union Federation in Lugano at the end of October.

To the applause of members, Müller declared: "One asks oneself, what is this economic system, the fate of which depends on very rich thieves who devote themselves

to international speculation?"

He added that because of "manipulation" of the currency by the banks in the interests of such clients, Switzerland as a workplace was menaced. The same charge is leveled by Helmut Hubacher, the leader in parliament of the Socialist Party, who accuses the banks of playing a "game without frontier" (a reference to the international TV contest of that name) of international speculation.

According to Hubacher, "80 percent of all operations" by Swiss bankers are on behalf of clients who are tax evaders in their own country. He and his party demand a 5 percent levy on interest earned by funds deposited by foreign residents in Swiss banks and savings associations. This would be deducted at source (but could be reclaimed) by foreigners on their domestic income tax returns, provided their country has a double taxation agreement with Switzerland.

That's the least that is justified, the Socialists argue, by the fact that at present the foreigners pay no Swiss tax on the interest they get from Swiss banks, while the Swiss themselves are taxed at the rate of 35 percent, deducted at source.

They stress that the levy would also provide additional revenue to the Swiss Treasury at a moment when the state is urgently casting around for new sources.

Since the amount of funds deposited by foreigners with the banks is estimated at some \$6 billion Swiss francs (about \$3.4 billion), the receipts could be considerable.

The Swiss government has

even embraced the Socialist proposal for a 5 percent levy, which it argues would not be any great burden on the kind of people who can afford to keep their fortunes in Swiss banks. This policy is being

(OFNS)

followed, it is said, in order to get the support of the Socialist Party (the largest in parliament, though far from having a majority) for a package of tax reforms, including the imposition of a value added tax.

The Socialists have threatened to sabotage the package unless their "bank tax" is included. But it is opposed by other powerful interests in parliament, representing center and right-wing parties.

They support the banks, who claim that any kind of tax, however small, would lead to a flight of foreign capital, and that would damage the economy far more than an overvalued franc.

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Some are concluding that conventional theories may have to be scrapped and a new scenario developed for dealing with the modern, inflation-ridden economy. Meanwhile, confusion and conflicting forecasts are rampant. Key questions for which it is hard to find consensus answers include:

—How high will interest rates have to climb before the Federal Reserve can accomplish its goal of braking inflation's rise and the dollar's slide? Many analysts see the bank prime rate exceeding 12 percent, and mortgage rates 11 percent, before long, but some think rates may have to go much higher than those previous record levels.

—What will determine how long and how tightly the Federal Reserve system clamps down on credit growth and thereby pushes up interest rates? Normally, the Fed tightens the screws when the economy shows signs of expanding too rapidly. Today the economy is growing only moderately, with output climbing at about a 3.5 percent annual rate. This time, the Fed apparently is paying the most attention to the rate at which the money supply is growing: up 10.2 percent in the past six months, compared to a target rate of 4 percent to 6.5 percent.

—As rates reach record levels will there be a new set of winners and losers in the economy? Normally housing takes a beating when the cost of money rises. "This time it will be small business and the consumer," says Maurice Mann, vice chairman of Warburg Par-

deploring the terrorist killings.

The judges grumbled that they are underpaid, vulnerable to attack, and are working with outdated legal codes in understaffed courtrooms. Strikes have held up many proceedings already subject to delays of months and even years due to a backlog of millions of cases both criminal and civil.

One of the terrorists who carried out last week's murders was himself killed, apparently by his comrades. He was quickly identified by police as Roberto Capone, a 24-year-old Neapolitan student from a modish background.

Police believe the center of terrorist activities in Italy is shifting from the industrial north to central and southern Italy. Inquiries are now concentrated on identifying persons who are "fingered" potential targets for murder, the Red Brigades, the Comunist Combatants, and all other guerrilla groups whose exploits are causing such concern here but whose real identity remains stubbornly masked.

Credit in America

By Roger Smith

LOS ANGELES —

U.S. bank and government economists predicted throughout the summer and early autumn that interest rates were at a peak, or at least could rise only a bit further.

Now, as the Federal Reserve Board has pushed the cost of funds dramatically higher in its fight against inflation and a declining dollar, the same economists concede that the U.S. might soon encounter interest rates that will exceed the record levels of 1974 — rates that helped plunge America into its worst recession since World War II.

Besides fueling concern that there will be another, although milder, recession in 1979, the recent surge in interest rates is causing many analysts to take a new look at how a climb in rates affects jobs, output and price in the American economy.

Some are concluding that conventional theories may have to be scrapped and a new scenario developed for dealing with the modern, inflation-ridden economy. Meanwhile, confusion and conflicting forecasts are rampant. Key questions for which it is hard to find consensus answers include:

—How high will interest rates have to climb before the Federal Reserve can accomplish its goal of braking inflation's rise and the dollar's slide? Many analysts see the bank prime rate exceeding 12 percent, and mortgage rates 11 percent, before long, but some think rates may have to go much higher than those previous record levels.

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their parents is total.

Capone's girlfriend, 27-year-old Rosaria Biondi, who is wanted for questioning by police as she is believed to have been the driver of the getaway car.

Roberto Capone was not known to the police but had been questioned several times in connection with minor extrajudicial political crimes, but failed to pin anything on him. These are the failures that are abiding Italians.

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(OFNS)

loans can pay market rates for 6-month savings certificates creating a new liquidity.

The Carter administration and the Federal Reserve officially proclaim that interest rates are not necessarily destined for record levels and that the economy, with luck, will ease into moderate growth with few dislocations.

But few money market economists are so optimistic. The only real question, they argue, is when the peak in rates will be reached, and how severe the resulting economic downturn will be.

They point out that interest rates have peaked at higher levels in each business cycle since the Vietnam war-induced inflation of the late 1960s. Interest rates on prime bank loans rose to 6 percent in 1966, to 8 percent in 1969 and to 12 percent in 1974, an all-time high.

Kaufman agrees. Because the new housing liquidity remains strong, an early brake on the economy's land of the financial market," he says.

Some economists disagree with Kaufman's and Lewine's view that housing should have been kept as the sacrifice lamb that could cool the economy without steadily higher interest rates. "How can you justify kicking housing in the head, and denying people a fair way to fight inflation?" asks William Forst, senior economist at Wells Fargo Bank, San Francisco.

But few will deny that the rules of the interest-rate game have changed dramatically. The Federal Reserve, pushed by monetarist theorists who insist that it should let the market set interest rates and concentrate on controlling the growth in debt and money, could affect the economy in unforeseen ways as it pursues a tighter monetary policy.

"Hopefully, the effects of tightened money will be spread around enough that nobody will notice they are there," says Fred Struble, an economist with the Federal Reserve.

But some effects are already surfacing.

The next few months clearly will be advantageous to businesses with large amounts of cash, which can be used to win loans from banks or concessions from vendors. Individuals holding sizable amounts of cash can reap big returns by investing in instruments like money market funds.

But small businesses will pay mightily for cash, if they can find it. And the public, by and large, will find it, as the public is squeezed by higher loan rates and eventually will bear the brunt of higher unemployment as credit begins to dry up.

(LAT)

saudi press review

er in which spiritual and material assets are inextricably blended.

Saying that the present situation in the Arab world "is perhaps the most crucial one" "Al-Bilad" said Saudi Arabia does not refuse to build bridges of cooperation with whoever wants to be friends with this country. "But we refuse to see our future being charted within the framework of the international game of polarization which will lead to the loss of our identity."

The paper said that while the Baghdad summit conference has boosted Arab confidence, "it also gave us high hopes that the Arab states would be able, through unity to create a political balance in the region away from polarizations and axes which have been rejected by the Arabs since the dawn of consciousness that we have passed through recently."

"Al-Bilad" said that when a proposal to open a university in Saudi Arabia was first mooted it led to a controversy on the pros and cons of such an institution with some people believing it was too early to build one.

The writer said that since then, there has been nothing but praise for the several universities in the country. He proposed the building of a university wholly for women students. There are already several colleges and institutions for Saudi girls, he

The zajal: dueling in Arab poetry

By Barry Reynolds
AL-KHOBAR — Stagelights dim. Spectators' chatter drops to a whisper. The seconds draw up chairs flanking center stage. With ouds and drums, they introduce the two combatants. George and Ismael.

George Andraous, construction foreman and steel fitter, handles his weapons with a clang and clamor. He prefers extravagant thrust to nimble parry. But Ismael Sulaiman, a former shepherd turned carpenter, charms the crowd. Lean and impish, he favors fancy footwork. The idiosyncratic twist to his charges delight each man's seconds — the musicians who pick up the rhythm of the attack and lend it percussion.

If the audience were English they might have accompanied all this with encouragements like: "Palpable hit," "Bravo," or "Touche." But to the 400 mainly Lebanese spectators watching the traditional Zajal in Al-Khobar, the medium is too mesmerizing for interruption.

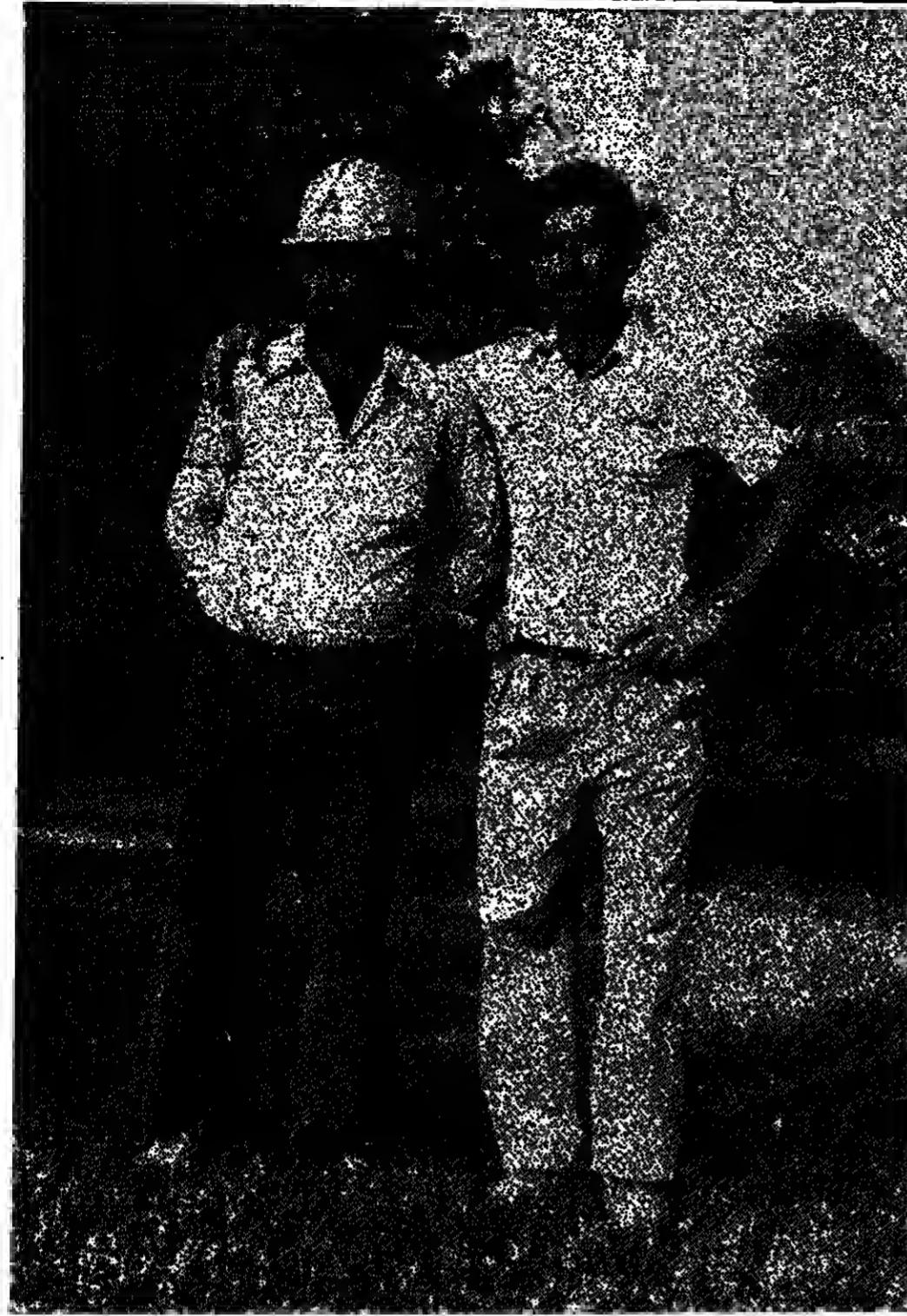
As a kind of improvisational poetry duel, the Zajal recalls two poetic genres long absent from English literature. It captures both the camaraderie and competition of those Anglo-Saxon bardic contests in which the 'wits' of opposing tribes jostled in verbal combat for national honor. Yet, in its highly stylized and lavish verses of praise, love and personal challenge, it also recalls the richness of Elizabethan courtly poetry.

Nevertheless, the Zajal is both unique and free of Western influence.

"The opposite is probably true," says George, after the hour-long event ended amid sustained applause. "Every day of every year for as long as people can remember, the Zajal has been an important part of Lebanese village life. The West probably adopted it after the Crusades."

Although tension-free, there is suspense in the moments after one poet throws down his challenge and before the other must take it up. Honor — one's own and one's supporters — is at stake. Silence is not golden but shameful, an unacceptable tactic when using a language as rich in allusion as Arabic. The topics are sometimes prepared in advance, but the chanted verses are improvised on the spot. It is like a game of charades that substitutes metaphors for mime.

To thwart extensive preparation, the poets are expected to change subject and mood often — thus forcing the challenged to follow suit. Traditionally the match opens with verses of praise. This evening George



George Andraous (wearing hardhat) and Ismael Sulaiman

praises King Khaled, thanking the poet to work here. He also him for sustaining the King's prosperity, which allows

On romance

(Swinging from the personal taunt into courtly love, both poets doffy change their mood, tempo and syntax to suit the new theme. Here is an unrhymed translation of each poet's improvised verse on the romantic theme.)

George

"We met in an electric atmosphere. There was toasting and spirits were sky-high. My spirit was down. Her presence was stronger than my will. 'Would you like a drink? Good health,' she wished me. Wildly I stammered 'No, thank you.' In not drinking any my spirit soars. I am intoxicated by her presence."

Ismael

(he addresses his lover by describing her physical features, among them—)

"Sweet eyes, languid eyebrows. Those eyebrows were created to slay men. My love, if the real war was in poetry or singing, I would be your chivalier. With just a wink from your eyes I could stop the terrible war and preserve the symbol of our land — the cedar tree flag."

ration. In more extravagant, though no less sincere verses, Ismael improvises a similar tribute. But he tops it by including the audience, whose hearts he hopes to "first bathe and then wring dry in sweet word-song."

Taking his cue from George's opening sally, the musicians support and interpret the next poetic mode — the hugely popular personal attack:

"When you were born your mother did not expect a human being, and she was not disappointed," George sings to Ismael.

After a lengthy and highly allusive series of stanzas in this vein, he reluctantly hands the microphone to Ismael, who counters: "Since I am a trained carpenter building the magnificent UPM (University of Petroleum and Minerals) stadium, I shall make a coffin for you and your attacks."

In this friendly spirit of spicy invective, the poets continue for 30 minutes, unrehearsed and all in rhyme or unstressed couplets. No one laughs, however. The audience respectfully holds its appreciation, waiting in collectively suspended emotion until the musicians signal the end of each long stanza. The roar of laughter, ten minutes after the "pun-chline," is somewhat unnerving.

"The audience is hypnotized by the language and the rhythm," said one spectator afterwards. The subject matter, however silly or common, is considered secondary to the use of language itself. This respect for the language is almost sacred. Laughing would break the rhythm."

The personal taunts are replete with boasts and couched in hyperbolic language:

George: "I am a giant and my strength is great," etc.

Ismael: "No matter how strong your words are, I will doubtless be dining upon this giant's heart before the night is through."

The personal challenge and ribbing, however, is only a fond of raucous warm-up — lyric calisthenics — for the more serious verses that follow. The poets must now show their mettle in more subtle and elusive meters.

George intones that, just as his job as scaffold builder forces his own and his company's fortunes higher, he hopes that his "sample thoughts" will please and elevate the audience. Ismael's rejoinder uses similarly metaphoric imagery as they both run the gamut of themes and moods.

The subject matter is wide, ranging from invective to platonic love and including high adventure, family tales, patriotism and the illusion of constancy in love. In sonnet or stinging attack each poet equals and then surpasses his rivals.

The two South Lebanese tradesmen combine the chicanery of opposing influences. As a shepherd tending

Egypt's struggle with the Nile

By Thomas W. Lippman
ASWAN, Egypt — More than eight years have passed since the completion of the great High Dam across the Nile here, but Egypt's struggle to tame the river, which has been going on for millennia, has not ended.

The High Dam broke forever the annual flood cycle that had been the dominant feature of Egyptian life and guaranteed that the people of the Nile Valley between here and the Mediterranean would suffer neither flood nor drought. But a natural force as powerful as the Nile was not going to be subdued without a fight, and the Egyptians are now spending millions on subsidiary projects aimed at coping with the side effects of the High Dam.

One of them, known as the Toshka Canal, illustrates how each attempt to tinker with the river creates the need for further tinkering, in what appears to be an endless cycle.

This project will for the first time extend some of the impact of the construction of the High Dam out into Egypt's Western Desert, with eventual consequences for the environment that engineers familiar with the project admit they cannot fully foretell.

The purpose of the Toshka Canal is to get rid of excess water building up behind the High Dam. Ironically, at the same time Egypt is building this canal to channel off excess water, the Sudanese are building a massive canal of

their own that will increase the flow of the river northward into Egypt.

Life source
For the 40 million Egyptians, these are more than matters of abstract interest. There is probably no other country on earth so totally dependent on a single source of life as Egypt is on the Nile. The river sustains more than 98 per cent of the population in a narrow green band that bisects a land that is otherwise nearly as barren as the moon.

That was as true in Pharaonic times as it is today. The Egyptians even then were building dams, embankments and canals to control the flow of the waters. The High Dam at Aswan, which was built by the Soviet Union after the United States and the World Bank refused for political reasons to finance it, has changed the nature and the locality of the struggle to bring the river under control but has not ended it, as the Toshka Canal project shows.

Lake Nasser
South of the High Dam the artificial lake known as Lake Nasser that was created by the damming of the river has been gradually filling. It now spreads over 5,200 square kilometers, reaching down to the Sudanese border.

More water is flowing into Lake Nasser from upstream than is needed downstream from the dam, which means that the water is continuing to rise against the southern face

of the dam.

According to figures supplied by engineers and hydrologists familiar with the dam, the top of the High Dam is 196 meters above sea level. The surface of the lake is approaching 182 meters above sea level.

Foresight
Dr. Ibrahim Asyouli, head of the irrigation and hydrology department of the Cairo University School of Engineering, who has made extensive studies of the dam, said in an interview that 182 meters is the "cutoff point" above which the water would constitute a threat to the dam itself.

"You can't let it go over the top, no matter what," he said. "This is a rock-fill dam, not concrete like Hoover Dam, and water going over the top could erode the earth and rock. You can't let that happen."

With Ethiopia, source of the Blue Nile, reporting its heaviest rains in 50 years, the level of Lake Nasser is likely to climb even higher in the near future.

Toshka Canal
The Aswan Dam has a spillway designed to let the excess water run off downstream in just such a situation. But it has been discovered that it might have serious detrimental effects downstream, in the heart of Egypt, to let large quantities of water flow through that spillway and rush down to the Mediterranean.

That is because all the silt that was in the water when it flowed into Lake Nasser has now settled to the bottom, leaving the water clear. Hy-

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The two South Lebanese tradesmen combine the chicanery of opposing influences. As a shepherd tending

Arab-Americans can play a role in the political process simply by fulfilling their duties as American citizens," he said. —(USICA)

In NFC East

Dallas routs Saints, 27-7, to tie lead with Redskins

NEW YORK, Nov. 20 (AP) — Tony Dorsett rushed for 152 yards, pushing his season's total past the 1,000-yard mark as Dallas hammered New Orleans, 27-7, and set the stage for a Thanksgiving Day showdown with Washington which lost to St. Louis.

The Cardinals scored their fourth straight victory after losing their first eight games in defeating the Redskins, 27-17. Jim Hart flipped two TD passes and Willard Harrell returned a punt 70 yards for another score to drop Washington into a first-place tie in the NFC East with Dallas.

Equalizer

Elsewhere, it was that great equalizer for all National Football League teams, the game clock, that spelled the difference between victory and defeat in four games Sunday.

For the New York Giants, the clock seemed to be tolling victory as they ran it out, protecting a 17-12 lead over Philadelphia. Suddenly, with just 20 seconds left, Joe Pisarcik fumbled and Herman Edwards scooped the ball up and ran 26 yards for Philadelphia's winning touchdown in a 19-17 victory.

The New York Jets had raced the clock as they rushed downfield in the final two minutes. In other games, it was Tampa Bay 31, Buffalo 10,

positioning the ball for a Pat Leahy field goal that could have turned their game against New England. With 31 seconds left, Leahy lined up for a 33-yard kick. But it hooked wide left, saving the Patriots' 19-17 victory.

Fumble

For the Kansas City Chiefs, the clock wasn't as vital as the position of the ball. There were just 15 seconds left when KC, trailing 13-10 against Seattle, lined up at the yard line. Only a miracle could save the Seahawks, it seemed. A miracle or a fumble. Tony Reed supplied the latter and the Chiefs came up losers again.

In San Francisco, the 49ers played their best game of the season and with two seconds left to play, they were tied with powerful Los Angeles. Overtime loomed, but then Frank Corral delivered a 24-yard field goal that sealed a 31-28 Rams victory.

In the NFC West, San Diego topped Minnesota but the Vikings remained tied for the lead with Green Bay, which howed to Denver, 16-3. The Broncos' victory kept them in a first place deadlock with Oakland in the AFC West as the Raiders whopped Detroit 29-17.

The New York Jets had raced the clock as they rushed downfield in the final two minutes.

Chicago 13, Atlanta 7, Cleveland 45, Baltimore 24, and Pittsburgh 7, Cincinnati 6.

End zone

Mark Van Eeghen scored three tds, two on 1-yard runs and the third on a fumble recovery in the end zone, as Oakland hung onto its share of the AFC West lead. Van Eeghen rushed for 98 yards in the game and scored the go-ahead TD when he fell on wide receiver Cliff Branch's fumble in the end zone.

Denver kept pace with Oakland by beating Green Bay. Rob Lyle rushed for 110 yards and one TD and Craig Morton's 14-yard pitch to Haven Moses supplied the other touchdown for the Broncos.

Dan Fouts' 10-yard TD pass to rookie John Jefferson proved decisive as San Diego ended Minnesota's four-game winning streak.

Rocky Bleier scored the game's lone TD on a one-yard plunge as Pittsburgh survived four interceptions to edge Cincinnati.

The Bengals, 1-11 for the year, allowed the Steelers only 154 net yards but could not overcome Bleier's TD.

Bout

Brian Sipe passed for 309 yards and four touchdowns



FLIP: St. Louis' Jim Hart flipped two touchdown passes Sunday as the Cardinals defeated first-place Washington, 27-17.

three of them to Calvin Hill, as Cleveland routed Baltimore, which played without Bert Jones, who was injured.

Bruce Heron blocked an Atlanta punt, setting up Walter Payton's 2-yard TD run and helped Chicago end its eight-game losing streak.

Crippled Tampa Bay got a

pair of TD passes from backup quarterback Mike Rae to whip Buffalo. Rae, replacing injured Doug Williams, hit Jimmy Giles with a 33-yard scoring pass and found Morris Owens with a 22-yarder.

Ricky Bell scored on a 12-yard TD run for the Bucks then was forced to the sidelines with a sprained knee.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 20 (AP) — Eleven years ago, Ron Boone played his first professional basketball game for Dallas in the American Basketball Association. He hasn't missed a game since.

Boone, now a guard for the National Basketball Association Lakers, played in his 84th consecutive game Sunday night — tying a regular-season record set by Johnny Kerr — as the red-hot Lakers downed the Chicago Bulls, 104-95.

In the only other game on the NBA schedule, the Seattle SuperSonics edged the Portland Trail Blazers, 88-85.

The NBA probably won't recognize Boone's record, since 662 of his games were played in the old ABA and he said that's the way it should be.

Recognized

"I don't think the NBA should be recognized as the longest streak in professional basketball after the next game."

That will be next Wednesday in Houston when the Lakers play the Rockets.

The Lakers, with reserve guard Jim Price sparking a late rally, kept a streak of their own alive with the victory over the Bulls. Los Angeles has won 13 in a row. That ties the Club's second-longest win streak, in the 1972-73 season. The club's all-time mark, also an NBA record, is 33 consecutive victories set in the 1971-72 season.

Forwards John Johnson and Jack Sikma scored 21 and 18 points, respectively, as the Sonics raised their record to 13-3, best in the Western Conference.

Trailed

The Sonics trailed, 45-34, at 11:10: Atlanta defeated Philadelphia, 124-116; Washington half-time but climbed in front by limiting Portland to 14

As L.A. downs Bulls

Lakers' guard ties game record



BOONE: 84th

points in the third quarter. Seattle scored seven straight points to take an 84-77 lead with 1:28 to play and held off

Portland the rest of the game. Phoenix beat Denver, 119-114; Houston overtook San Antonio, 126-120; Kansas City beat New Jersey, 114-111; Portland beat Indiana, 123-111; Golden State beat Seattle, 112-100; New York defeated Milwaukee, 102-100, for its fourth straight victory under new coach Holzman.

NBA STANDINGS

Eastern Conference

Atlantic Division

	W	L	PCT.	GB
Philadelphia	12	3	.800	—
Washington	11	7	.511	2
New Jersey	11	8	.579	3
New York	10	8	.556	4
Boston	4	12	.250	8

Central Division

Houston	8	6	.571	—
Atlanta	8	7	.533	1
San Antonio	8	9	.465	1
Detroit	6	12	.333	4
New Orleans	6	12	.333	4
Cleveland	5	13	.278	5

Western Conference

Midwest Division

Kansas City	10	7	.588	—
Denver	9	9	.500	1
Indiana	5	11	.312	4
Milwaukee	6	14	.300	5
Chicago	4	14	.222	6

Pacific Division

Seattle	13	3	.813	—
Los Angeles	14	4	.778	—
Phoenix	12	6	.666	2
Portland	10	7	.588	3
Golden State	10	7	.588	3
San Diego	9	12	.429	6

In NHL

Seven ejected as Sabres, North Stars riot



EDWARDS: Stained against or staining?

NEW YORK, (AP) — It seemed things would go smoothly when the Buffalo Sabres hosted the Minnesota North Stars. The Sabres took a 1-0 lead in the first period on a goal by Gilbert Perreault, and the only penalty called by referee Bryan Lewis came with 4:45 left in the session when Minnesota's Ron Zanussi was whistled off.

The peace didn't last much longer.

Sabres center Don Luce said he was camped to the side of North Stars goalie Gary Edwards, "when somebody swung around and knocked me in the stomach with his stick. Then the goalie hit me on the head with his stick. If I hadn't been wearing a helmet, I would really have gotten hurt."

That was his version. There was a different view from the North Stars' dressing room.

"Our guys said somebody from their team speared the goaltender," said Minnesota coach Glen Sennott.

Whatever, that ignited a bench-clearing brawl with 4:43 left in the second period of what turned out to be a 9-2 Buffalo victory Sunday night. When the smoke cleared, Edwards and four other North Stars had been ejected — as had Danny Gare and Ric Seiling of the Sabres.

In quiet encounters elsewhere, the Atlanta Flames bested the New York Rangers, 3-1; the Philadelphia Flyers trimmed the Detroit Red Wings, 4-3, and the Boston

NHL

Campbell Conference

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Smyley Division

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St. Louis

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21 NOVEMBER 1978

U.S. increases exports to Arab countries by 12%

NEW YORK, Nov. 20 (AP) — Despite some resistance, a new anti-boycott law has increased U.S. exports to Arab countries by 12 per cent, U.S. Secretary of Commerce Juanita Kreps said Sunday.

The law forbids nations from putting clauses in a contract with an American company that would require it to boycott trade with another country. It was aimed at Arab countries that had tried to block trade between American business and Israel.

Honored at a dinner by the

American Jewish Congress, Mrs. Kreps praised the organization for its work in supporting passage of the law. The law was passed in 1977 and took effect in early 1978.

"Some predicted it would have a disastrous impact on trade. But I'm happy to report that exports to Arab countries are up 12 per cent," she said, calling the act "sensible and realistic."

She attributed the upsurge in exports to the power given to U.S. companies to trade freely.

U.S. gasoline, oil price hikes laid to demand, Iranian strikes

NEW YORK, Nov. 20 (AP) — Unusually high demand for gasoline and the effects of the Iranian oil refinery strike are forcing up prices of gasoline and home heating oil in most parts of the United States.

And the prices will rise even further if the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries passes an expected increase in crude oil prices when it meets next month.

Motorists in the Chicago area, for example, are paying an average of 79.1 cents per gallon for premium gasoline, up 2 cents from a month ago. In Atlanta, premium prices are up by about 3 cents to more than 80 cents a gallon. But in Seattle, the price of premium gas is about 77.5 cents per gallon, only fractionally higher than a month ago.

Home heating oil, which cost about 51 cents a gallon a year ago, has risen to an average 53 cents a gallon and as high as 55 cents in some parts of the nation.

The problem started a year ago. The second very cold winter in as many years forced refineries to step up production of distillate oil used primarily for home heating purposes—at the expense of gasoline production.

This left gasoline supplies at slightly lower-than-usual levels for the summer months, when the situation was complicated by an unexpected increase in gasoline consumption.

Libya-Burundi venture starts activities

BUIJUMBURA, Burundi, Nov. 20 (AP) — A jointly-owned holding company, created by Libya and Burundi, has started its activities in Burundi, officials announced here Monday.

The holding company, called "Holding Lybie-Arabe-Burundi," will be directed by Flise Sibomana, a Burundi citizen. Its purpose is to create new companies in Burundi and take interests in existing companies.

Officials said the holding company has bought a 40 per cent share in the capital of the Burundi flour-milling works,

and is planning creation of shoe-making factory with planned production of 100,000 shoes per year.

The holding company is setting up a tanning company "Agrital" and other companies to commercialize Tanganyika Lake fish, as well as a company to handle sales and exports of locally-produced tea.

The holding company has its origin in an agreement signed in July between Libya and Burundi, it does not have a fixed amount of capital, officials said.

Mrs. Kreps noted that several multimillion dollar transactions were lost because of the new law" because some Arab countries have opted instead to do business with other nations.

She added: "It clearly demonstrates that it is possible to harmonize the viewpoints of people in divergent areas."

She was the recipient of the organization's Stephen Wise Award, bestowed for her "extraordinary public service as the first economist and first woman to hold the position of secretary of commerce."

tion as Americans went on a driving binge.

"We're victims of this beautiful weather," said Herb Hugo, editor of "Pat's Oil-

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Iraq doubles trade

BAGHDAD, Nov. 20 (R) — Iraq almost doubled its non-oil exports to about \$22.5 million in the second quarter of this year compared with the same period last year, official sources said Monday.

Last year's figure was about \$12 million.

Dates, Iraq's main crop, brought in \$4.5 million — 19.5 per cent of exports. Cement was the next biggest export.

Pakistan was the leading importer, followed by Sri Lanka, India, China, Bulgaria and Hungary.

Iraq's exports to Asian countries, except for China and the Soviet Union, made up about 25 per cent of exports and brought in about \$6 million.

Market comment:

Dollar strengthens

Special to Arab News
LONDON, Nov. 20 — The dollar continued to march ahead against most of the world's currencies, in trading that became increasingly broad-based.

On Friday, the U.S. currency's effective depreciation narrowed sharply from 8.7 per cent to 8.3 per cent, in response to the latest forecasts from the OECD, which showed that Japan and Germany would suffer sharp reductions in their balance of payments surpluses and that the U.S. would be one of the main beneficiaries.

Sterling fell sharply against the dollar, dropping 24 cents to close at \$1.9295 in London, its worst level since last August. But the picture in terms of continental currencies was much better and overall the pound was little changed.

The feature of fixed interest was the divergence of yields at the long and short ends. Prices at the short end were still under pressure from the apparently inexorable rise in interest rates in the U.S. On Friday, Citibank, the second biggest U.S. bank, endorsed the gradually widening 11 per cent prime rate by lifting its rates from 10½ per cent.

Several commentators are now expecting rates to run up as far as 13 per cent early next year before peaking.

Longer-dated securities, particularly in the Eurodollar market rallied strongly on Friday on the back of the stable conditions in financial and foreign exchange markets. The sterling sector of the Eurobond market was also strong as sentiment swung against issues denominated in Japanese yen and Swiss francs.

London's bond market also reflected enthusiasm for long-dated fixed interest securities. Despite the sizeable issue of two new 'tap' stocks by the U.K. authorities, stocks which the

Turkey to sign accord for 1st nuclear plant

ANKARA, Nov. 20 (AP) — The contract for Turkey's first nuclear power plant will be awarded next week. Energy Minister Deniz Baykal disclosed Monday.

Bidding for the contract are Westinghouse of the United States, Ansaldo-Impianti of Italy and Asea-Atom of Sweden, informed sources said. Turkey's final choice will depend on who can provide the largest supplier credit for the project, they said.

According to that guideline, the winner could well be the Swedish concern, in partnership with Metex of Finland, sources pointed out. The group has reportedly offered a credit of \$200 million guaranteed by the Swedish government.

Turkey is presently suffering from a severe shortage of foreign currency and is unable to repay its short-term foreign debt. Estimated cost of the plant is about \$500 million.

Plans for the nuclear power center have been on the books for more than a decade. It is to be built on Turkey's Mediterranean coast and will have an annual capacity of 400 megawatts.

In an address to a national energy conference, Baykal said Turkey could not afford any longer to delay using of nuclear power to produce energy. Turkey is suffering from a serious energy gap despite electricity imports from neighboring Bulgaria and the Soviet Union.

Canadian companies, which were initially interested in the project, are now out of running because Turkey's parliament is yet to ratify a 1963 nuclear nonproliferation treaty, sources reported.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES

	Cash	Transfer
U.S. Dollar	3.40	3.40
Pound Sterling	6.65	6.58
Deutsche Mark (100)	177.00	175.30
Swiss F (100)	200.00	195.25
French F (100)	76.50	76.50
Italian Lira (1000)	4.00	4.02
Lebanese Lira (100)	113.00	112.00
Syrian Lira (100)	83.00	87.25
Egyptian Pound	4.70	4.86
Kuwaiti Dinar	12.35	12.34
Jordanian Dinar	11.40	11.37
Emirati Dirham (100)	88.00	88.30
Qatari Riyal (100)	88.00	88.30
Bahraini Dinar	8.80	8.83
Iranian Riyal (100)	47.00	48.25
Irqi Dinar	10.25	—
Yemeni Riyal (100)	74.00	74.60
South Yemeni Dinar	—	—
Moroccan Dirham (100)	80.00	88.25
Indian Rupee (100)	—	40.85
Pakistani Rupee (100)	—	34.50
Gold kg	21,900	—
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Silver kg bar	660	—

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Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

Authority	Description	No. of Tender	Price SR	Closing Date
* Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs	Fencing of two graveyards in Hanakiah	"	100	Dec. 23
* " "	Fencing of 10 graveyards in rural areas of Hail	"	1500	Dec. 24
* " "	Fencing of graveyard in Ma-khshoush village in Qunfuzah	"	200	Dec. 25
* Ministry of Agriculture and Water	Drinking water project in Hayathim and Ragha in the Central Province	34/8	400	Dec. 2
* " "	Drinking water project in Farwah, Qassim	35/8	400	Dec. 3
* " "	Drinking water project in Aliyah, Jizan	36/8	400	Dec. 4
* " "	Drinking water project in Hail	37/8	500	Dec. 5



SAUDI PORTS AUTHORITY VESSELS MOVEMENTS AT JEDDAH SEAPORT UPTO THE MORNING OF 20TH NOVEMBER 1978

BERTH	VESSEL	AGENT	CARGO	ARR.DATE
1A	—	—	—	—
1	—	—	—	—
2	UNION JEEOAH	O.C.E. BARBER	LDG. EMPIY CTRS. LUBOL/GEN/CTRS.	19/11/1978
3	TSU	—	—	19/11/1978
4	MALDIVES TRUST	O TRADE	TIMBER/LUB.OIL/GEN.	18/11/1978
5	ATHANASSIOS	O.C.E.	GENERAL	18/11/1978
6	BLUE ALBACORE	URRI	STEEL BARS	17/11/1978
7	GOLDEN BEAR	ABDOALLAH	CONSTR. MATS.	4/11/1978
8	HELENIEK	STELLA	APPAREL	17/11/1978
9	HELLENIC STAR	ALPHA	SOYA-FISH-BONE MEAL	15/11/1978
10	HELENIEC	ALPHA	GENERAL	17/11/1978
11	BUNGALAR MAAN	S.C.S.A.	LUB OIL	17/11/1978
12	MISHEREF	URRI	BAGGEO CARGO	18/11/1978
13	LUCKY THREE	URRI	BAGGEO MAIZE	18/11/1978
14	MARY TWO	URRI	RICEMALZE SORGHUM	18/11/1978
15	CHAR AN	ABDALLAH	GENERAL	17/11/1978
16	—	—	—	—
17	BLUE MARU	BAABOOD	OIL COTTON SEEDS	17/11/1978
18	ODYSSEUS	ROLACO	BULK CEMENT	18/11/1978
19	GRENA	ALSAWAH	BULK CEMENT	17/11/1978
20	HOUWA STAR	ALWANI	REBAR	19/11/1978
21	—	—	—	—
22	—	—	—	—
23/24	PILIPINAS SAUDI I S.A.M.A.	—	ACCOMMODATION SHIP	—
36	YAMATO REEFER	STAR	BANANAS	19/11/1978
39	—	—	—	—
40	—	—	—	—
41	SAOUI PRINCE	O.TRAD E	REELS PAPER GEN/CONT.	18/11/1978
42	BENCRUACHAN	ALATAS	—	19/11/1978
43	LETABA	M.E.S.A.	FRUIT	9/11/1978
44	ELLI 2	A.A.	BAGGED CEMENT	23/10/1978

RO RO

NIL

Vessels Arrived During Post 24 Hours

Dennis the Menace

Rex's Believe It or Not!

B.C.

SMALL SOCIETY

BLONDIE

BEETLE BAILEY

HAGAR

WIZARD



CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Crossword
by THOMAS JOSEPH

ACROSS	44	A Fagin
1 "Bean --"	45	trainee
6 Particle;	46	Numerical
10 Irish	47	stuffy
partisan	48	Horseman
11 Present	49	DOWN
12 Require	50	Non-Jew
13 Arabian	51	Begin
coastal	52	Rock
region	53	formation
14 Of the	54	Fallow
stars	55	Interwave
15 Hot time	56	Pronoun
in Paris	57	Machismo
17 Shooting	58	adherents
match	59	Ernaged
18 Trumpet's	60	Precept
relative	61	Jovial
20 Drooping	62	Succor
22 Greek	63	Decoy
letters	64	Resounding
23 Miss	65	Just
Horns	66	over
24 Hobbed	67	Baffling
25 Held	68	Mora
court	69	tranquill
31 Kind of	70	Parched
club	71	Succor
32 House	72	Hideaway
oneself	73	Quiver
35 Large	74	Assail
vase	75	Duck
36 Brink	76	Twisted
of an event	77	fabric
37 Corrupt-	78	Indonesian
ed	79	island
40 Chal-	80	Parched
cedony	81	Hideaway
42 Oceans	82	Quiver
43 Brink	83	Assail

Yesterday's Answer

STICK STICKED	SHOT SHOTGUN	ACTA ATTACHE
SHOT SHOTGUN	ACTA ATTACHE	DAY DAY
ACTA ATTACHE	DAY DAY	DOPO DOPO
DAY DAY	DOPO DOPO	DOPO DOPO
DOPO DOPO	DOPO DOPO	DOPO DOPO

Yesterday's Answer

1. You are declarer with the

Contract Bridge : B. Jay Becker

Test Your Dummy Play

1. You are declarer with the West hand as Mr. North. North leads the King of spades, which you win in dummy with the Queen. When you next play the A-K of trumps it turns out that South started with the J-10-9-8. How would you play the hand?

♦ AKQJ8 ♠ N
♦ KQJ8 ♠ 10
♦ QJ82 ♠ QJ108
♦ 4 ♠ QJ108

2. You are declarer with the West hand at Four Spades. North leads the Jack of clubs, and continues with the ten, which is a ruff. When you play the A-K of spades, South shows out on the second one. How would you play the hand?

♦ AKQJ2 ♠ N
♦ J8 ♠ QJ108
♦ J8 ♠ AKQJ2
♦ 4 ♠ QJ108

3. You first reaction might be to continue with the queen and another trump, hoping North does not have a singleton or void. If both defenders follow suit, draw trumps and cash the Q-J of trumps.

To give yourself the best chance, lead dummy's A-K of diamonds first, hoping North does not have a singleton or void. If both defenders follow suit, draw trumps and cash the Q-J of trumps.

However, there's a flaw in this plan. Upon taking the Jack of trumps at trick five, South might put you on the spot by returning a club. You would now be faced with the crucial decision of whether to attempt

to cash the queen of diamonds before drawing trumps.

To give yourself the best chance, lead dummy's A-K of diamonds first, hoping North does not have a singleton or void. If both defenders follow suit, draw trumps and cash the Q-J of trumps.

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three 1's, X for the two 0's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

DAILY CRYPTOQUOTE - Here's how to work it:

AXYDLBAAXR
IS LONGFELLOW

One letter simply stands for another. In this sample A is used for the three 1's, X for the two 0's, etc. Single letters, apostrophes, the length and formation of the words are all hints. Each day the code letters are different.

CRYPTOQUOTES

FXX TNAZ I NWUQKCH NKC
FKNYCE FX N UNYM XI VCK-
.HWHFCAYC NAE AXF UNYM
XI FNUCAF XK NLWUWFZ-
- EK. VNQU VNEMCK

Yesterday's Cryptogram: IF YOU'RE NATURALLY KIND
YOU ATTRACT A LOT OF PEOPLE YOU DON'T LIKE.—
WILLIAM FEATHER



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RIYADH 06132 DAMMAM 21384

ARAB NEWS CALENDAR

PRAYER TIMES

TUESDAY	Fajr	Ishraq	Dhuhr	Asr	Maghreb	Isha
Mecca	5:19	6:41	12:13	3:23	5:41	7:11
Medina	5:25	6:46	12:16	3:19	5:37	7:07
Nejd	4:50	6:13	11:41	3:46	5:04	6:34

DAHHRAN TV

3:30 Children's Show	CB Bears: Hard Headed Hard Hat, Heavy
4:50 Jokers Wild	No. 508
5:10 Wide World Of Sports	Acrobatic Water Ski
6:02 Waltons	The Big Brother
6:51 Wel. Bk Kotter	Ooo Of Our Sweathogs Is Missing
7:25 Safety Film	Take Notice
7:26 Police Woman	Death Game
8:16 That's My Mama	Cliftons Big Move
8:41 Second Run	Baxter

WEATHER

Forecast for the next 24 hours:
Fine weather throughout the Kingdom, but cold at night over the northern region with the temperature touching the freezing point. Patches of low-lying clouds will concentrate over the northeastern and central regions offering chances of light scattered showers. Surface winds will blow in variable direction at moderate speed, blowing northerly over the northern and central regions.

Sea conditions will be moderate to light in the territorial waters.

Monday's temperatures (in maximum, minimum in centigrade)						
Mecca	31	23	Al-Wajh	26	17	
Jeddah	30	20	Tabuk	18	04	
Riyadh	20	11	Turaif	16	01	
Dhahran	23	15	Bisha	27	13	
Medina	26	14	Yanbu	30	14	
Taif	26	12	Abha	21	09	

SAUDI RADIO

Afternoon Transmission	Evening Transmission
2:00 Opening	10:00 Opening
2:01 The Holy Quran	10:01 The Holy Quran
2:05 Gems of Guidance	10:05 Message to the Faithful
2:10 S.A. — A Daily Chronicle	10:10 Light Music
2:15 Music	10:15 NEWS
2:30 On Islam	10:25 S.A. — A Daily Chronicle
2:45 Under the Limelight	10:30 Selection of Music
2:55 Music	11:00 World of Mashaiees
3:00 NEWS	11:10 Press Review
3:10 Press Review	11:15 The Stevie Wonder Story
3:15 Music	11:45 Eminent Saudi Arabians
3:20 Music-Machines	12:00 Islamic Contributions
3:50 Close Down	12:15 In the Quiet

Morning Transmission

8:00 World News	4:30 The Pleasure's Yours
8:09 *Twenty-Four Hours	5:15 Report on Religion
News Summary	6:00 Radio Newsreel
8:30 *Sarah Ward	6:15 *Outlook
8:45 World Today	7:00 World News
9:00 Newsdesk	7:09 Commentary
9:30 *Opera Star	7:15 *Sherlock Holmes
10:00 World News	7:45 World Today
10:09 Twenty-Four Hours	8:00 World News
News Summary	8:09 *Books and Writers
10:30 *Sarah Ward	8:30 *Take One
10:45 *Something to Show You	8:45 Sports Round-up
11:00 World News	9:00 World News
11:09 Reflections	9:30 Radio Newsreel
11:15 Piano Style	10:00 Farming World
11:30 Brain of Britain 1978	10:00 Outlook News Summary
12:00 World News	10:39 Stock Market Report
12:15 World Today	10:43 Look Ahead
12:30 Financial News	10:45 Ulster in Focus
12:40 Look Ahead	11:00 World News
12:45 The Tony Myatt Request Show	11:09 Twenty-Four Hours: News Summary
13:15 Ulster in Focus	11:30 The Pleasure's Yours
13:30 Discovery	Midnight Transmission
2:00 World News	12:15 Talkabout
2:09 News about Britain	12:45 Nature
2:15 Alphabet of Musical Curios	1:00 World News
2:30 Sports International	1:09 World Today
3:00 Radio Newswel	1:25 Financial News
3:15 Promenade Concert	1:35 Book Choice
3:45 Sports Round-up	1:40 Reflections</td

21 NOVEMBER 1978

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arab news

international Finance
International Bourse, commodities, Money and Exchange Rates

الإسهام في توصية نيويورك

SHARE INFORMATION

NEW YORK

	Stock	Nov.	Nov.	Fairchild Camera	27%	26%	Parker Hannifin	24%	24%	AEG	38.4	38.4	Akai Trading	400	394	Stock	November	November	Stock	November	November
Fed. Dept. Stores	15	16	Fireside Tire	12%	12%	Penske Corp. & L.	24%	24%	Aeroflot	17.30	17.30	Aashi Elec.-Com.	154.3	154.3	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	
Fleet Van	15	16	Flexitrol	14%	14%	Pennzoil	26%	27%	Aerojet Gen.	49.00	49.00	Aashi Elec.-Com.	154.3	154.3	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	
Flintkote	26%	28%	Fleets Power	31%	31%	Perfume Co.	24%	24%	BASF	135.5	135.5	Bank of Tokyo	190	190	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	
Ford Motor	24%	24%	F.M.C.	22%	22%	Perpetual Bank	25%	25%	Bayer	148.5	148.2	Banyu Phara	795	795	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	
Foxboro	45%	44%	Foxboro	48%	48%	Perrier	24%	24%	Bayer Corp.	31.0	31.0	Bridgegate Tire	515	515	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	
Ford, Lincoln	15%	14%	Ford, Lincoln	31%	31%	Pitner	31%	31%	Bayer Corp.	31.0	31.0	Bridgestone	441	441	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	
Ford, Mercury	20%	20%	Ford, Mercury	24%	24%	Philip Dodge	28%	28%	Bentley-Benz	155.0	155.0	Brooks	731	731	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	
Ford, Mustang	23%	24%	Ford, Mustang	24%	24%	Phillips Morris	69	70	Bentley-Benz	155.0	155.0	Brooks	731	731	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	
Fouge Industries	6%	9%	G.A.P.	10%	10%	Phillips Petroleum	30%	30%	Bentley-Benz	155.0	155.0	Brown	731	731	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	
Foster, W.	15%	14%	Gannett	41%	42%	Pitman	17%	17%	Bentley-Benz	155.0	155.0	Brown	731	731	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	
Freightliner	24%	24%	Gen. Elec.	25%	25%	Planes	21%	21%	Bentley-Benz	155.0	155.0	Brown	731	731	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	Anglo Amer. Gold	297	299	
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Freightliner	24%	24%	Gen. Elec.	25%</																	

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الإمارات
الناشر شركة العروبة للابحاث والتوجيه

Late News

PAGE 12

We've got to get rid of him'

Killing Scott obsessed Thorpe, court told

MINEHEAD, Nov. 20 (AP) — Jeremy Thorpe, former leader of the Liberal Party, told a friend that killing Norman Scott would be "no worse than killing a sick dog," a magistrate's court heard Monday.

Peter Taylor, prosecuting, told a packed courtroom that Thorpe had said those words 10 years ago to then fellow Liberal Member of Parliament Peter Bessell, a key government witness in the murder conspiracy case against Thorpe and three other men.

Thorpe alone is accused also of inciting an old friend, banker David Holmes, to kill Scott. Thorpe has denied the conspiracy and incitement charges against him.

Taylor told of payments to Scott by colleagues of Thorpe. It became to Thorpe "like a black cloud always over him." He said that in a December 1968 encounter at the House of Commons Thorpe told Bessell: "We've got to get rid of him."

"You mean, knocking him

Interior warns illegal aliens of punishments

JEDDAH, Nov. 20 (SPA) — The Ministry of the Interior Monday requested all pilgrims and visitors to abide by the rules and regulations which call upon them not to exceed their stay and not to take up any paid or unpaid employment. The ministry also warned Saudi citizens and residents in the Kingdom hiring pilgrims or visitors or concealing their presence will be punished.

All pilgrims or those on limited visits must leave the country no matter their nationality. Anyone staying too long would be breaking the law and thus subject to detention and forced repatriation.

Any citizen or legal residents hiring any visitors or pilgrims or concealing at their overstay would be severely punished.

off?" Bessell was quoted as replying. The prosecutor said Thorpe answered, "yes."

Bessell and Holmes both tried to convince Thorpe that murder was not the answer. Taylor said, but on more than one occasion the Liberal leader tried to persuade them to lure Scott to his death. At one time Cornwall, a county in the west of England, was to be the

In occupied territories

Israeli abuses decried by U.N.

UNITED NATIONS, Nov. 20 (R) — Israeli authorities in the occupied territories have abused prisoners, deprived Arab civilians of their human rights and fined or jailed parents of minors convicted of security offenses, a U.N. report said Monday.

A three-member panel of dip-

lomats who prepared the document expressed profound concern over the situation and appealed to the General Assembly to end Israeli occupation.

Pending this, the panel recommended "a suitable mechanism be established to safeguard the human rights of the civilian population who have been exposed for such a long time to military occupation."

Israel has refused to cooperate with the group, which was established by the General Assembly to investigate practices in the occupied territories. It comprises delegates from Yugoslavia, Sri Lanka and Senegal.

The panel considered that, regardless of political aspects of the Middle East situation, the Israeli government, by following a policy of annexation and settlement, had denied the Palestinians their fundamental right to self-determination.

The restoration of the Palestinian people's fundamental rights is therefore contingent upon the end of the military occupation."

Occupation created a day-to-day pattern affecting the liberty of civilians, who were marked by incidents involving various forms of violence and repercussions from those incidents.

At least 1,192 arrests were recorded in the past year, with the occupation authorities' measures being mainly aimed at demoralizing the population by keeping it under military subjugation, the report said.

FARAH AND JIMMY: At a party for James Stewart, filmed for television, Farrah Fawcett-Majors enjoys a laugh with the guest of honor.

Malaysia seen to bend, lets refugee ship remain

KUALA LUMPUR, Nov. 20 (R) — The Vietnamese refugee ship Hai Hong will be allowed to stay anchored off the Malaysian coast while diplomats and government officials try to work out who will take its 2,500 passengers, informed sources said Monday night.

The decision—which appeared to signal a slight softening of the Malaysian posi-

tion—followed a day of urgent meetings between senior officials and diplomats from the Canadian, French and American Embassies, who have promised to accept additional refugees.

The sources said the government hero was still insistent that all the Hai Hong Vietnamese be taken away and that none sets foot on Malaysian soil as a refugee.

From page one

Otaiba

world economy. Saudi Arabia was the first stop of his tour. From Iran he goes on to Kuwait Tuesday.

Some OPEC members like Iraq, are reported to be seeking an increase of 25 per cent.

Before leaving Saudi Arabia, Blumenthal told a press conference he hoped the Kingdom would continue to be a moderating factor among the oil producers regarding any future price increase.

He said that Saudi Arabia and other OPEC countries should weigh the measures the Carter administration had taken to bolster the dollar.

Earlier Sunday Qatar's Petroleum Minister, Sheikh Abdul-Aziz Bin Khalifa Al-Thani said he does not expect OPEC to impose a big increase on next year's prices, the Qatar News Agency reported.

The agency said the minister made the remark in an in-

terview with the Paris-based Arabic language magazine "Al-Watan Al-Arabi."

Sheikh Abdul-Aziz told the magazine that "any increase of oil prices agreed upon by the OPEC meeting in Abu Dhabi, would not be a sharp increase," the agency reported.

He said he favored gradual oil price increases, he magazine said.

The agency quoted the minister as telling the magazine that the dollar's value had improved as a result of President Carter's recent measures.

But he said if the U.S. currency was hit by another sustained decline the only alternative for OPEC countries would be to price their oil on a basket of currencies, according to agency.

Sheikh Abdul-Aziz told the magazine that oil producing countries had endured the continued deterioration of the pos-

ted price of their crude "out of kindness to give a breather to industrial nations and developing countries to stimulate their balances of payment."

Despite this, any limited oil price rise could not match the soaring rate of world inflation, he said.

This made oil producers suffer when importing goods and raw materials from industrialized nations, Sheikh Abdul Aziz said.

Sadat

ed by the cabinet that are now acceptable to Begin:

— A clause in the preamble stating that the treaty would be the basis of future treaties with Israel's other Arab neighbors.

— A reference to Egypt's "special interest" in the Gaza Strip, which it administered before Israel captured the area in the 1967 war.

The Israeli feared that the two points could be interpreted to mean that Israel would eventually evacuate the West Bank and Gaza and turn Gaza over to Egyptian control.

Cabinet

It also discussed and approved a report on road construction projects submitted by Minister of Communications Sheikh Hussein Mansouri.

Furthermore, the Cabinet discussed a number of issues relating to the interior minis-

ture government will be able to hold free elections for the Senate and Majlis (lower house of parliament) under security and order."

He stressed that his government was temporary and urged the judiciary to press ahead with the Shah's anti-corruption campaign under which some two dozen former senior officials have already been detained.

Hundreds

The identity of the fifth victim was withheld pending notification of relatives, but Guyanese sources said she was an 18-year-old American woman from the settlement who apparently was trying to leave with Ryan.

Ten persons were wounded in the attack on Ryan's party.

Robert Flick of NBC News said that after the initial shooting the assailant walked up to the wounded and shot them in the head with shotguns. "That was how Ryan and Harris died," he said.

In an account broadcast in the United States, Flick said he saw soldiers guarding the wreckage of a Guyanese plane that had recently crashed at the airstrip and ran to them for help. Flick said the soldiers refused to intervene.

The congressman... dived behind the opposite wheel of the airplane from the gunfire and was hit almost immediately, Flick said. "Then he was shot by people walking through with their guns." He said the others died the same way.

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U.S. judge agrees to corporation plea bargain

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20 (AP) — The Westinghouse Electric Corporation pleaded guilty Monday to giving \$323,000 in bribes to a former deputy premier of Egypt, and was fined \$300,000 under a plea bargaining agreement questioned by the judge.

District Court Judge Barrington Parker said the court accepted the plea bargain with "serious reservations." The agreement concealed the identity of the bribe recipient.

Parker said that even with full disclosure, "some may have reservations today whether this promotes the ends of justice."

Westinghouse admitted that company officials paid the bribe to Ahmed Ismail, in return for the award of \$30 million in contracts to Westinghouse.

Last month, the government proposed a \$300,000 fine for Westinghouse under an agreement that would conceal both Ismail's name and that Egypt was the country involved in the deal.

Government lawyers said Monday the secrecy was intended to protect the peace negotiations under way in Washington between Egypt and Israel.

Dozens of Arabs said held after Israeli bus爆破

JERUSALEM, Nov. 20 (R) — Israeli security forces have detained dozens of Arabs for questioning in the hunt for those responsible for an attack on a holiday bus Sunday in which four people were killed, military sources said Monday.

The restoration of the sovereignty of the Lebanese government in southern Lebanon was, in the long run, the only durable and reliable means by which normality and security for all could return to that strife-torn area.

"Continued military resistance to this effort can only be regarded as a deliberate defiance both of the legitimate authority of the Lebanese government and of the decisions of the Security Council," he said.

Large numbers of soldiers and police have been searching the Jordan Valley since Sunday's attack.

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Second Deputy Prime Minister and Commander of the National Guards,

All members of the Royal family, and everyone who has offered his conscious feelings either by attending, cabling, telephone calling or writing on the death of Dr. Mohammed Khaled Al Khashokgy.

praying to Allah Almighty, the exalted to blessing all of them and to mercify the late DR. AL KHASHOKGY.

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